



## Eagle Pharmaceuticals' Investor Day to Feature World-Renowned KOLs on Tuesday, December 6, 2022, at the Lotte New York Palace Hotel

November 16, 2022

-- Featured speakers and KOLs include: Scott Tarriff, Herm Cukier, Dr. Richard Dutton, Dr. Prem Fort, Dr. TJ Gan, Dr. Andre Kalil, Dr. Joseph Pergolizzi and Dr. Eugene Vortsman --

-- Topics include the clinical and scientific rationale for the Company's hospital-based products and pipeline programs: Enalare's ENA-001, CAL02, BARHEMSYS<sup>®</sup>, BYFAVO<sup>®</sup> and landiolol --

WOODCLIFF LAKE, N.J., Nov. 16, 2022 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) -- Eagle Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (Nasdaq: EGRX) ("Eagle" or the "Company") today announced that the following speakers and world-renowned Key Opinion Leaders will be featured at the Company's Investor Day on Tuesday, December 6, 2022, at the Lotte New York Palace Hotel, at 8:00am ET:

- Scott Tarriff, President and Chief Executive Officer of Eagle Pharmaceuticals, and senior members of the Company's clinical and commercial teams
- Herm Cukier, Executive Chairman, President and CEO of Enalare Therapeutics
- Dr. Richard Dutton, Chief Quality Officer for U.S. Anesthesia Partners (USAP)
- Dr. Prem Fort, Attending Neonatologist, Johns Hopkins All Children's Maternal, Fetal & Neonatal Institute
- Dr. TJ Gan, Division Head of Anesthesiology, Critical Care and Pain Medicine, MD Anderson
- Dr. Andre Kalil, University of Nebraska Medical Center Division of Infectious Diseases
- Dr. Joseph Pergolizzi, Chief Research and Development Officer, Board Member and Co-founder of Enalare Therapeutics
- Dr. Eugene Vortsman, Emergency Medicine, Northwell Health

The presentations will provide an in-depth look at Eagle's hospital-based pipeline and products, including:

- **Enalare's ENA-001**, an agnostic respiratory stimulant, being developed for the treatment of post-operative respiratory depression, community drug overdose and Apnea of Prematurity;
- **CAL02**, a novel first-in-class broad-spectrum anti-virulence agent for the adjunct treatment of severe community-acquired bacterial pneumonia;
- **BARHEMSYS**, for rescue treatment of postoperative nausea and vomiting;
- **BYFAVO**, for the induction and maintenance of procedural sedation in adults undergoing procedures lasting 30 minutes or less; and
- **Landiolol**, a beta-1 adrenergic blocker for the short-term reduction of ventricular rate in patients with supraventricular tachycardia, including atrial fibrillation and atrial flutter.

Audience members will have the opportunity to ask questions following the presentations.

Advance registration is required for this event. Institutional investors and analysts are kindly requested to [RSVP](#) through this link to attend.

A webcast of this event will be accessible via the Company's website at [www.eagleus.com](http://www.eagleus.com), under the Investors section.

### About Eagle Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Eagle is a fully integrated pharmaceutical company with research and development, clinical, manufacturing and commercial expertise. Eagle is committed to developing innovative medicines that result in meaningful improvements in patients' lives. Eagle's commercialized products include vasopressin, PEMFEXY<sup>®</sup>, RYANODEX<sup>®</sup>, BENDEKA<sup>®</sup>, BELRAPZO<sup>®</sup>, TREAKISYM<sup>®</sup> (Japan), and BYFAVO<sup>®</sup> and BARHEMSYS<sup>®</sup> through its wholly owned subsidiary Acacia Pharma Inc. Eagle's oncology and CNS/metabolic critical care pipeline includes product candidates with the potential to address underserved therapeutic areas across multiple disease states. Additional information is available on Eagle's website at [www.eagleus.com](http://www.eagleus.com).

### Investor Relations for Eagle Pharmaceuticals, Inc.:

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### [Important Safety Information](#) for BYFAVO<sup>™</sup> (emimazolam)<sup>1</sup> Injection Indications

BYFAVO is a benzodiazepine indicated for the induction and maintenance of procedural sedation in adults undergoing procedures lasting 30 minutes or less.

### Important Safety Information

**WARNING: PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT FOR MONITORING AND RESUSCITATION AND RISKS FROM CONCOMITANT USE WITH OPIOID**

## ANALGESICS

### Personnel and Equipment for Monitoring and Resuscitation

- Only personnel trained in the administration of procedural sedation, and not involved in the conduct of the diagnostic or therapeutic procedure, should administer BYFAVO.
- Administering personnel must be trained in the detection and management of airway obstruction, hypoventilation, and apnea, including the maintenance of a patent airway, supportive ventilation, and cardiovascular resuscitation.
- BYFAVO has been associated with hypoxia, bradycardia, and hypotension. Continuously monitor vital signs during sedation and during the recovery period.
- Resuscitative drugs, and age- and size-appropriate equipment for bag-valve-mask–assisted ventilation must be immediately available during administration of BYFAVO.

### Risks From Concomitant Use With Opioid Analgesics and Other Sedative-Hypnotics

Concomitant use of benzodiazepines, including BYFAVO, and opioid analgesics may result in profound sedation, respiratory depression, coma, and death. The sedative effect of intravenous BYFAVO can be accentuated by concomitantly administered CNS depressant medications, including other benzodiazepines and propofol. Continuously monitor patients for respiratory depression and depth of sedation.

### Contraindication

BYFAVO is contraindicated in patients with a history of severe hypersensitivity reaction to dextran 40 or products containing dextran 40.

### Personnel and Equipment for Monitoring and Resuscitation

Clinically notable hypoxia, bradycardia, and hypotension were observed in Phase 3 studies of BYFAVO. Continuously monitor vital signs during sedation and through the recovery period. Only personnel trained in the administration of procedural sedation, and not involved in the conduct of the diagnostic or therapeutic procedure, should administer BYFAVO. Administering personnel must be trained in the detection and management of airway obstruction, hypoventilation, and apnea, including the maintenance of a patent airway, supportive ventilation, and cardiovascular resuscitation. Resuscitative drugs, and age- and size-appropriate equipment for bag-valve-mask–assisted ventilation must be immediately available during administration of BYFAVO. Consider the potential for worsened cardiorespiratory depression prior to using BYFAVO concomitantly with other drugs that have the same potential (e.g., opioid analgesics or other sedative-hypnotics). Administer supplemental oxygen to sedated patients through the recovery period. A benzodiazepine reversal agent (flumazenil) should be immediately available during administration of BYFAVO.

### Risks From Concomitant Use With Opioid Analgesics and Other Sedative-Hypnotics

Concomitant use of BYFAVO and opioid analgesics may result in profound sedation, respiratory depression, coma, and death. The sedative effect of IV BYFAVO can be accentuated when administered with other CNS depressant medications (eg, other benzodiazepines and propofol). Titrate the dose of BYFAVO when administered with opioid analgesics and sedative-hypnotics to the desired clinical response. Continuously monitor sedated patients for hypotension, airway obstruction, hypoventilation, apnea, and oxygen desaturation. These cardiorespiratory effects may be more likely to occur in patients with obstructive sleep apnea, the elderly, and ASA-PS class III or IV patients.

### Hypersensitivity Reactions

BYFAVO contains dextran 40, which can cause hypersensitivity reactions, including rash, urticaria, pruritus, and anaphylaxis. BYFAVO is contraindicated in patients with a history of severe hypersensitivity reaction to dextran 40 or products containing dextran 40.

### Neonatal Sedation

Use of benzodiazepines during the later stages of pregnancy can result in sedation (respiratory depression, lethargy, hypotonia) in the neonate. Observe newborns for signs of sedation and manage accordingly.

### Pediatric Neurotoxicity

Published animal studies demonstrate that anesthetic and sedation drugs that block NMDA receptors and/or potentiate GABA activity increase neuronal apoptosis in the developing brain and result in long-term cognitive deficits when used for longer than 3 hours. The clinical significance of this is not clear. However, the window of vulnerability to these changes is believed to correlate with exposures in the third trimester of gestation through the first several months of life but may extend out to approximately 3 years of age in humans.

Anesthetic and sedation drugs are a necessary part of the care of children needing surgery, other procedures, or tests that cannot be delayed, and no specific medications have been shown to be safer than any other. Decisions regarding the timing of any elective procedures requiring anesthesia should take into consideration the benefits of the procedure weighed against the potential risks.

### Adverse Reactions

The most common adverse reactions reported in >10% of patients (N=630) receiving BYFAVO 5-30 mg (total dose) and undergoing colonoscopy (two studies) or bronchoscopy (one study) were: hypotension, hypertension, diastolic hypertension, systolic hypertension, hypoxia, and diastolic hypotension.

### Use in Specific Populations

#### *Pregnancy*

There are no data on the specific effects of BYFAVO on pregnancy. Benzodiazepines cross the placenta and may produce respiratory depression and sedation in neonates. Monitor neonates exposed to benzodiazepines during pregnancy and labor for signs of sedation and respiratory depression.

#### *Lactation*

Monitor infants exposed to BYFAVO through breast milk for sedation, respiratory depression, and feeding problems. A lactating woman may consider interrupting breastfeeding and pumping and discarding breast milk during treatment and for 5 hours after BYFAVO administration.

*Pediatric Use*

Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established. BYFAVO should not be used in patients less than 18 years of age.

*Geriatric Use*

No overall differences in safety or effectiveness were observed between these subjects and younger subjects. However, there is a potential for greater sensitivity (eg, faster onset, oversedation, confusion) in some older individuals. Administer supplemental doses of BYFAVO slowly to achieve the level of sedation required and monitor all patients closely for cardiorespiratory complications.

*Hepatic Impairment*

In patients with severe hepatic impairment, the dose of BYFAVO should be carefully titrated to effect. Depending on the overall status of the patient, lower frequency of supplemental doses may be needed to achieve the level of sedation required for the procedure. All patients should be monitored for sedation-related cardiorespiratory complications.

**Abuse and Dependence**

BYFAVO is a federally controlled substance (CIV) because it contains remimazolam which has the potential for abuse and physical dependence.

<sup>1</sup> <https://bynder.acaciapharma.com/m/403e8c343b2922de/original/Byfavo-PI.pdf>